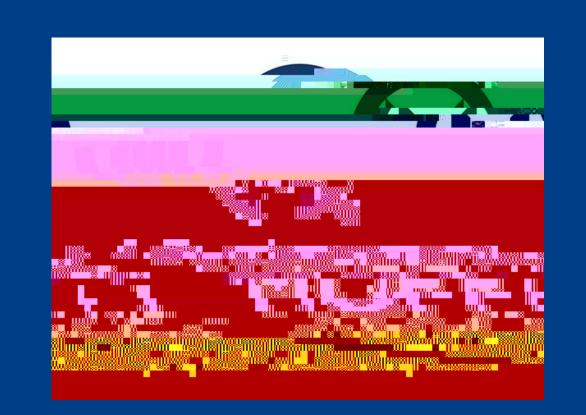
Body MassIndex (BM) Trajectories and Nutrition Status as Predictors of Young Adult He matopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation (HSCT) Health Outcomes



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¹ University of South Fforidal ² Moffit Cancer Center

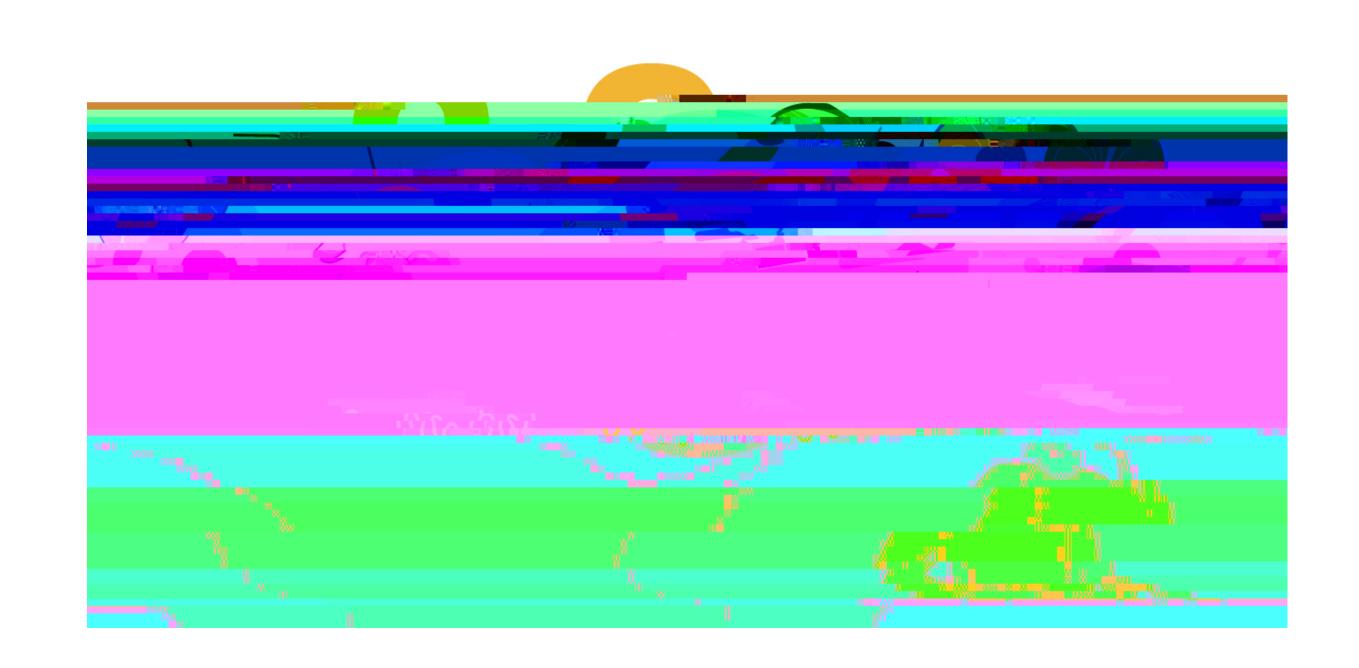


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- He mat op o etic ste moell transplantation (HSCT) is alife saving procedure for myelo mally mpho ma and euke ma
- However, graft-versus-host disease (GVHD), bacterialinfection, hospital read mission, and increased mortalityre main frequent concerns
- Due to hor monal and lifestly e changes, young adult (YA) HSCT patients (18-39 years) are at aninor easedrisk for complications

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To deter minne whether body massindex (BM) and nutritionas

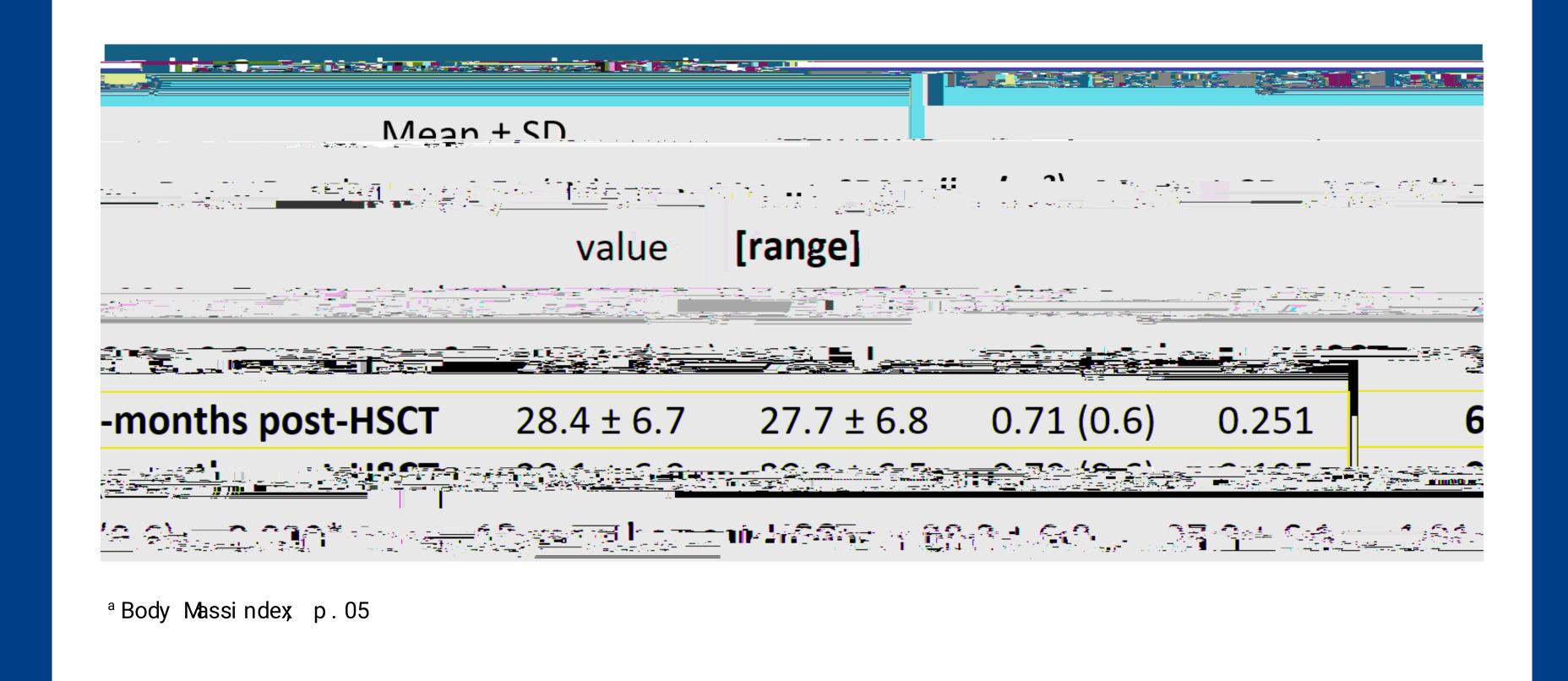


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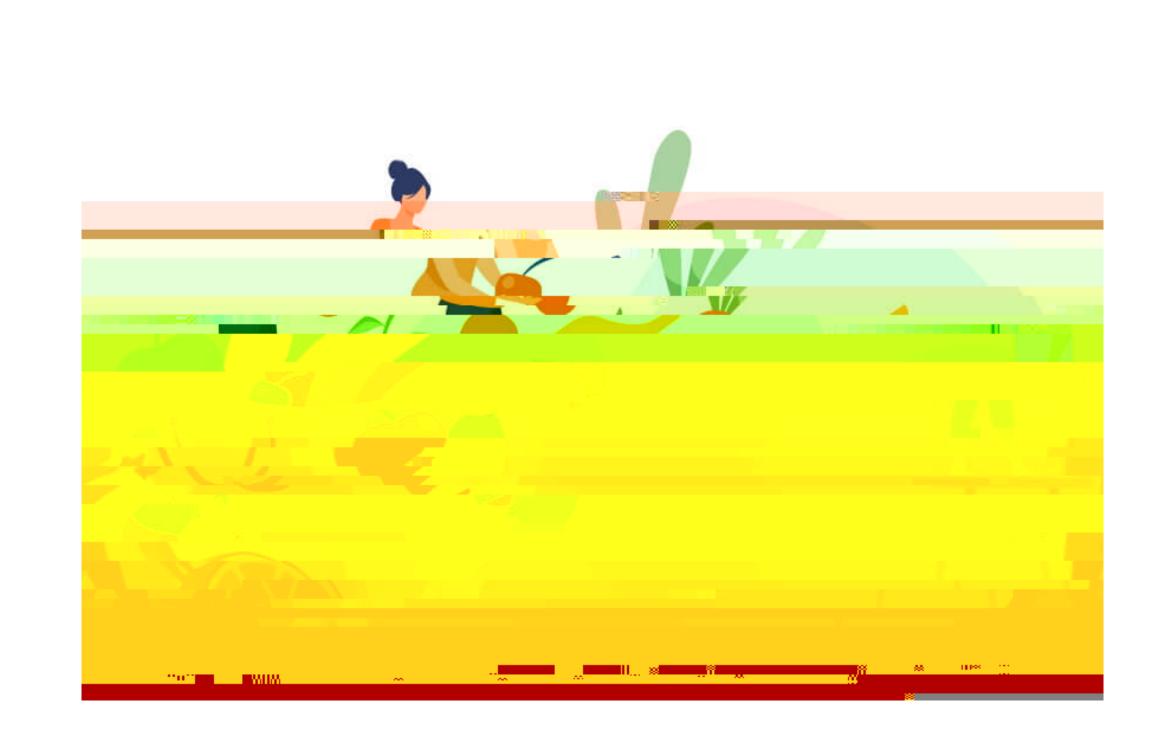
- As not e center retrospective chart review
 was conducted on YA cancer patients who
 received HSCTfromJanuary 2010 to
 December 2019
- All patients in de udedint his studyrece ved a dietitian consult upon hospital ad mission and had height and weight measured
- A nutritional status score was extracted from the dietitian consult uponinitial hospital ad ninssion, ranging from 1 3 with lower scores representing better nutritional status
- Post- HSCT out comes assessed in duded GVHD infection, hospital read mission, recurrence and mortality
- B Mtr aj ect ori es were compared across

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• At ctal of 514 records were included in the sample, most patients were non-Hispanic white (n=383, 75.1), male



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